ID. Date of interview date 11/02/20

ID. Time interview started

start <sub>13:10:03</sub>

ID.end Completion date of interview

Date <sub>11/02/20</sub>

ID.end Time interview ended

14:47:39

ID. Duration of interview

time 97.60

## new case

ICO consultation on the draft right of access guidance

Does the draft guidance cover the relevant issues about the right of access?
O Yes
○ No
O Unsure / don't know
If no or unsure/don't know, what other issues would you like to be covered in it?

Could more information be provided on steps which would be considered reasonable to take to confirm ID? e.g. would a request from a known email / social media account be suffice, or would we need to seek additional confirmation of identity. Where a third party makes a request, but we cannot confirm they have authority to act on behalf of the data subject, should the SAR still be completed and the results sent to the data subject, not the third party? When providing results, are we permitted to use a secure email service in order to ensure safe transmission of information. If this cannot be accessed by the client, at what point should less secure methods be used? Note this would not be where they are required to purchase a software or create an account. Does the time limit start from the point the scope is clarified? there are lots of requests where data subjects state they "want a copy of information" and it takes time to confirm with the data subject what information they are requesting. When making reasonable adjustments, are we permitted to ask for evidence this is necessary where we are unsure (e.g. evidence from a medical professional that results must be provided in a specific format) If the same information is stored in different systems, are we required to provide each copy/version of this? With email searches, is there any advice on what would be considered excessive, e.g. in terms of number of emails and therefore enabling organisations to narrow down scope. This could be done either with the data subject or at DPO discretion - e.g. discounting large group emails. Refusing a request - If the reason for not providing information is because a medical professional deems it inappropriate or they don't have capacity, are we still required to formally document this? This may cause more distress to an already vulnerable individual. 3rd parties - should staff be considered on the record, or should their personal details (name job title) be taken out? exemptions for providing harm - serious harm or distress. Who can make this decision (is it only medical professionals, or would this include health and social care? Would this only prevent disclosure of that specific type of information, or would it cover a clients record in total due to distress it could cause?

Does the draft guidance contain the right level of detail?
○ Yes
No     No
O Unsure / don't know
If no or unsure/don't know, in what areas should there be more detail within the draft guidance?
More detail on where scope can be clarified, and what would be considered excessive. Remote access - if the data subject already has access to the information, and them downloading a copy would be the same format as if we were to provide this, would this be considered providing a copy? Some indication on the number of emails in an email search which would be considered disproportionate.

Q2

Does the draft guidance contain enough examples?	
O Yes	
No     No	
O Unsure / don't know	
If no or unsure/don't know, please provide any examples that think the draft guidance.	should be included in
More examples on scope (e.g. work phones, and whether need to provide co	

Q3

More examples on scope (e.g. work phones, and whether need to provide copies of texts if the information is similarly held somewhere else. Securely sending information, and what would be reasonable to expect of data subjects, e.g. having a password generated and sent to the individual. More examples on SAR requests from staff and what to disclose. Are we required to disclose emails between a data subjects line manager's? Section on confidentiality suggests not. Some indication on the number of emails in an email search which would be considered disproportionate.

We have found that data protection professionals often struggle with applying and defining 'manifestly unfounded or excessive' subject access requests. We would like to include a wide range of examples from a variety of sectors to help you. Please provide some examples of manifestly unfounded and excessive requests below (if applicable).

Q4

We had someone request a copy of emails which contained their initials. Their initials spelt a common two letter word therefore the number of results was drastically increased and many of these were not relevant. We also had someone request a copy of emails which referred to their first name only. Their first name was also the name of a month, and again this massively increased the number of results as it returned any emails sent within that month. An indication of what could be considered an excessive number of emails to review would be very beneficial. We also receive requests from existing staff members for all of their information. They have access to lots of this already, and it would be returned in the same format as they downloaded it. Some guidance on whether we would need to reproduce this would be helpful.

		1 - Not at all useful	2 – Slightly useful	3 – Moderately useful	4 – Very useful	5 – Extremely useful
Q6	Why have you given this score It would be good to have more excessive.		of what w	ould be con	sidered m	nalicious or
Q7	To what extent do you agree that	t the draft gu	uidance is (	clear and eas	sy to unde	erstand?
		Strongly disagree	Disagree	Neither agree nor disagree	Agree	Strongly agree

On a scale of 1-5 how useful is the draft guidance?

Q5

Q9	Are you answering as:  An individual acting in a private capacity (eg someone providing their views as a member of the public)  An individual acting in a professional capacity  On behalf of an organisation  Other  Please specify the name of your organisation:
	What sector are you from: Charity

Please provide any further comments or suggestions you may have about the draft guidance.

Q8

Q10	How did you find out about this survey?
	O ICO Twitter account
	O ICO Facebook account
	O ICO LinkedIn account
	O ICO website
	O ICO newsletter
	O ICO staff member
	Colleague
	Personal/work Twitter account
	Personal/work Facebook account
	Personal/work LinkedIn account
	Other
	If other please specify: