ID. Date of interview date 11/02/20

ID. Time interview started

start 11:28:46

ID.end Completion date of interview

Date _{11/02/20}

ID.end Time interview ended

11:38:42

ID. Duration of interview

time 9.93

new case

ICO consultation on the draft right of access guidance

Q1	Does the draft guidance cover the relevant issues about the right of access?
	○ No
	O Unsure / don't know
	If no or unsure/don't know, what other issues would you like to be covered in it?

Q2	Does the draft guidance contain the right level of detail?			
	○ No			
	O Unsure / don't know			
	If no or unsure/don't know, in what areas should there be more detail within the draft guidance?			

Q3	Does the draft guidance contain enough examples?			
	○ No			
	O Unsure / don't know			
	If no or unsure/don't know, please provide any examples that think should be included in the draft guidance.			

We have found that data protection professionals often struggle with applying and defining 'manifestly unfounded or excessive' subject access requests. We would like to include a wide range of examples from a variety of sectors to help you. Please provide some examples of manifestly unfounded and excessive requests below (if applicable).

N/A

		1 - Not at all useful	2 – Slightly useful	3 – Moderately useful	4 – Very useful	5 – Extremely useful
Q6	Why have you given this score It's much more detailed than to manifestly unfounded or excess	he current		nce, particul	arly arou	nd complex
Q7	To what extent do you agree that	t the draft gu	uidance is	clear and eas	sy to unde	erstand?
		Strongly disagree	Disagree	Neither agree nor disagree	Agree	Strongly agree

On a scale of 1-5 how useful is the draft guidance?

Q5

Q8 Please provide any further comments or suggestions you may have about the draft guidance.

I do have to disagree with the new timescale of the SAR deadline. I do feel that, if an organization is requesting more information around what data the subject wants, or for any clarity about their request (excluding for identification purposes), the deadline should not be started. If we believe a request is excessive or manifestly unfounded, we would ask for this information to either prove or disprove our initial judgement. I believe it is entirely valid to hold on the deadline until this information has been confirmed by the data subject, especially if it is a data subject whom we hold a large amount of data for on a variety of systems. I do not believe this would greatly affect the data subject or their rights but would make it much more difficult for organizations to comply with the request. I feel as long as it is made clear by the organization that the deadline will not start until we have received all relevant information, this should be sufficient.

Q9	Are you answering as:
	O An individual acting in a private capacity (eg someone providing their views as a member of the public)
	An individual acting in a professional capacity
	On behalf of an organisation
	Ø Other
	Please specify the name of your organisation:

What sector are you from:

Q10	How did you find out about this survey?
	O ICO Twitter account
	O ICO Facebook account
	O ICO LinkedIn account
	O ICO website
	O ICO newsletter
	O ICO staff member
	Colleague
	Personal/work Twitter account
	Personal/work Facebook account
	Personal/work LinkedIn account
	Other
	If other please specify: